

Week 2 Video 2

Diagnostic Metrics, Part 1

Different Methods, Different Measures

- Today we'll focus on metrics for classifiers
- Later this week we'll discuss metrics for regressors

- And metrics for other methods will be discussed later in the course

Metrics for Classifiers



Accuracy



Accuracy

- One of the easiest measures of model goodness is **accuracy**
- Also called **agreement**, when measuring inter-rater reliability

of agreements

total number of codes/assessments

Accuracy

- There is general agreement across fields that accuracy is not a good metric

Accuracy

- Let's say that my new Kindergarten Failure Detector achieves 92% accuracy

- Good, right?

Non-even assignment to categories

- Accuracy does poorly when there is non-even assignment to categories
 - Which is almost always the case
- Imagine an extreme case
 - 92% of students pass Kindergarten
 - My detector always says **PASS**
- Accuracy of 92%
- But essentially no information

Kappa



Kappa



(Agreement – Expected Agreement)

(1 – Expected Agreement)

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60

- What is the percent agreement?

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60

- What is the percent agreement?
 - 80%

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60

- What is Data's expected frequency for on-task?

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60

- What is Data's expected frequency for on-task?
 - 75%

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60

- What is Detector's expected frequency for on-task?

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60

- What is Detector's expected frequency for on-task?
 - 65%

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60

- What is the expected on-task agreement?

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60

- What is the expected on-task agreement?
 - $0.65 * 0.75 = 0.4875$

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60 (48.75)

- What is the expected on-task agreement?
 - $0.65 * 0.75 = 0.4875$

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60 (48.75)

- What are Data and Detector's expected frequencies for off-task behavior?

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60 (48.75)

- What are Data and Detector's expected frequencies for off-task behavior?
 - 25% and 35%

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60 (48.75)

- What is the expected off-task agreement?

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20	5
Data On-Task	15	60 (48.75)

- What is the expected off-task agreement?
 - $0.25 * 0.35 = 0.0875$

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20 (8.75)	5
Data On-Task	15	60 (48.75)

- What is the expected off-task agreement?
 - $0.25 * 0.35 = 0.0875$

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20 (8.75)	5
Data On-Task	15	60 (48.75)

- What is the total expected agreement?

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20 (8.75)	5
Data On-Task	15	60 (48.75)

- What is the total expected agreement?
 - $0.4875 + 0.0875 = 0.575$

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20 (8.75)	5
Data On-Task	15	60 (48.75)

- What is kappa?

Computing Kappa (Simple 2x2 example)

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20 (8.75)	5
Data On-Task	15	60 (48.75)

- What is kappa?
 - $(0.8 - 0.575) / (1 - 0.575)$
 - $0.225 / 0.425$
 - 0.529

So is that any good?

	Detector Off-Task	Detector On-Task
Data Off-Task	20 (8.75)	5
Data On-Task	15	60 (48.75)

- What is kappa?
 - $(0.8 - 0.575) / (1 - 0.575)$
 - $0.225 / 0.425$
 - 0.529

Interpreting Kappa

- $\text{Kappa} = 0$
 - ▣ Agreement is at chance
- $\text{Kappa} = 1$
 - ▣ Agreement is perfect
- $\text{Kappa} = -1$
 - ▣ Agreement is perfectly inverse
- $\text{Kappa} > 1$
 - ▣ You messed up somewhere

Kappa < 0

- This means your model is worse than chance
- Very rare to see unless you're using cross-validation
- Seen more commonly if you're using cross-validation
 - ▣ It means your model is junk

$$0 < \text{Kappa} < 1$$


- What's a good Kappa?
- There is no absolute standard

$0 < \text{Kappa} < 1$

- For data mined models,
 - ▣ Typically 0.3-0.5 is considered good enough to call the model better than chance and publishable
 - ▣ In affective computing, lower is still often OK

Why is there no standard?

- Because Kappa is scaled by the proportion of each category
- When one class is much more prevalent
 - ▣ Expected agreement is higher than
- If classes are evenly balanced

Because of this...

- Comparing Kappa values between two data sets, in a principled fashion, is highly difficult
 - ▣ It is OK to compare two Kappas, in the same data set, that have at least one variable in common
- A lot of work went into statistical methods for comparing Kappa values in the 1990s
- No real consensus
- Informally, you can compare two data sets if the proportions of each category are “similar”

Quiz

	Detector Insult during Collaboration	Detector No Insult during Collaboration
Data Insult	16	7
Data No Insult	8	19

- What is kappa?
 - A: 0.645
 - B: 0.502
 - C: 0.700
 - D: 0.398

Quiz

	Detector Academic Suspension	Detector No Academic Suspension
Data Suspension	1	2
Data No Suspension	4	141

- What is kappa?
 - A: 0.240
 - B: 0.947
 - C: 0.959
 - D: 0.007

Next lecture

- ROC curves
- A'
- Precision
- Recall